Electrochemical sensor based on TiO₂ nanoparticles obtained with Aloe vera for the determination of dithiophosphates in mineral processing and environmental samples

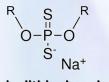
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Introduction

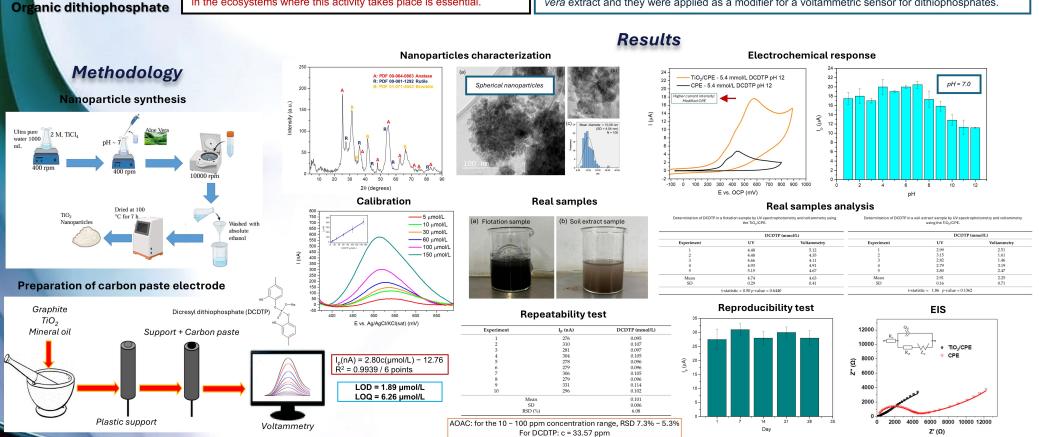


They have been applied as lubricants, extractant reagents, and mainly as collectors in mineral flotation.

The toxicity of dithiophosphates may be greater than that of other organophosphorus compounds. In humans, they have been linked to immune damage.

Therefore, the control of dithiophosphates in the mining industry and in the ecosystems where this activity takes place is essential.

In this work, TiO₂ spherical nanoparticles were synthesized using the reductive method with Aloe vera extract and they were applied as a modifier for a voltammetric sensor for dithiophosphates.



Conclusions:

TiO2 nanoparticles obtained with Aloe vera extract allow voltammetric quantification of dithiophosphates in industrial and environmental samples with sensitivity, low detection limit, repeatability and reproducibility. The resistance to charge transfer is lower in the nanoparticle-modified sensor than in the unmodified carbon paste electrode.

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