

# A tin-complexation strategy for use in acylation methods in the preparation of 1,9-diacyl-dipyrromethanes.

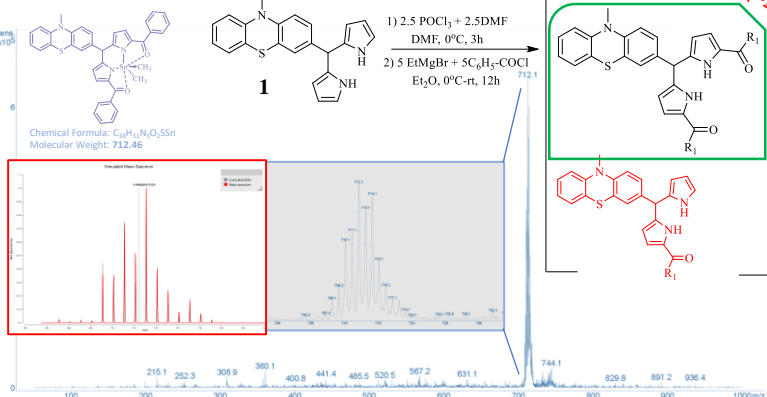
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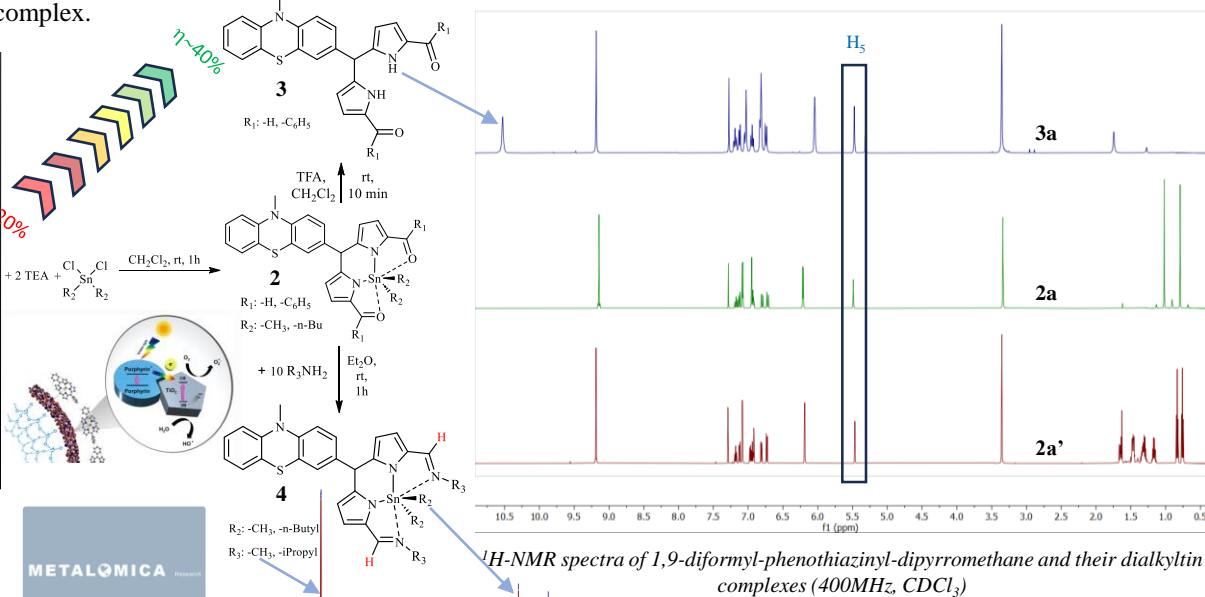
**ABSTRACT** Phenothiazinyl-dipyrromethane with Vilsmeier reagent, or with acid chloride typically affords a mixture of 1-, 1,8-, and 1,9-diformyl(or acyl)-dipyrromethanes. Acyl- and formyl-dipyrromethanes typically afford amorphous powder upon attempted crystallization and streak expensively on column chromatography. To facilitate isolation of 1,9-diacyl respectively 1,9-diformyl species, the crude mixture is treated with dialkyl-tin-dichloride ( $R_2SnCl_2$ ). The tin-complexation process is selective for 1,9-diformyl(acyl) species, yielding a hydrophobic 1,9-diformyl(acyl)dipyrromethane-dialkyltin complex.

## Acknowledgments:

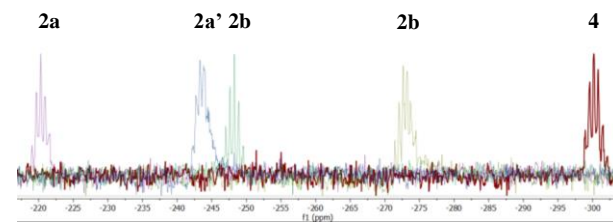
This work was possible with the financial support of the Romanian Ministry of Education Research and Youth and Sports, Grant PN-II-PCCE-140



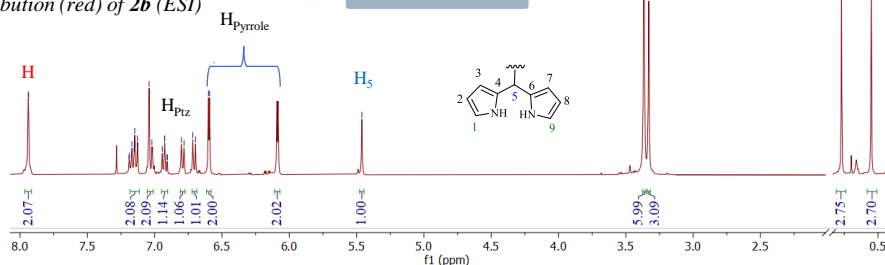
MS spectrum (blue) and simulated isotope distribution (red) of **2b** (ESI)



$^1H$ -NMR spectra of 1,9-diformyl-phenothiazinyl-dipyrromethane and their dialkyltin complexes (400MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )



$^{119}Sn$ -NMR spectra of phenothiazinyl-dipyrromethane dialkyltin complexes (149MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )



**Conclusion:** The corresponding tin complexes was readily isolated by column chromatography, the fast moving yellow fraction were collected and concentrated to dryness. This procedure proved viable for small-scale preparation, but partial decomplexation upon chromatographic separation limited larger scale implementation

## References

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- [4] S. H. H. Zaidi, K. Muthukumar, S. Tamaru, J. S. Lindsey, *J. Org. Chem.* **2004**, *69*, 8356-8365

## Equipments:

Bruker ASCEND 400 and 600 MHz NMR spectrometer;  
Bruker FT-IR Vector 22 spectrophotometer;  
Shimadzu QP-2010 PLUS mass spectrometer;  
HRMS Thermo Scientific LTQ Orbitrap XL